THE DAILY GAZETTE.

Price, Five Cents

COLORADO SPRINGS, THURSDAY, JULY 24, 1879.

[TE]LEGRAPHIC

[...]s of the Yellow Fever in Memphis.

[...]ulu War Receives Its Death-Blow.

Republican Convention in Pennsylvania.

[...]l Found Guilty of Murder in the First Degree.

Wisconsin Republican Convention.

[...]ar Between Turkey and Greece Imminent.

[Co]mmercial and Monetary.

COLORADO.

Sad Accident and a Plucky Miner.

[GE]ORGETOWN, COLO., July 23.—Orrin E. [...] mining at East Argentine, had his right [...] blown completely off this forenoon by a [...] cartridge. As is usual, he had the cart[ridge] [...] under the stove warming, preparatory to [...] it. On picking it up, it exploded, demol[ishing] the stove. He walked the whole dis[tance], [...] seven miles, to reach medical aid here.

GENERAL NEWS.

Pennsylvania Republican Convention.

HARRISBURG, PA., July 23.—The republican state convention met this morning in the house of representatives. It was called to order by [...]n J. A. Quay, chairman of the state com[mittee]. There was a full attendance. Louis [...] Hall was chosen temporary chairman and addressed the convention. He arraigned the democratic party for its course in congress [si]nce coming into power, praised the minority and thanked President Hayes for his attitude during the extra session.

A resolution was adopted ordering reference without debate to the committee on platform. Mr. Wolfe then asked to have read a resolution declaring that in view of the development of corrupt practices in connection with the riot bill in the last house we emphatically reaffirm that part of the republican platform of 1875 and 1876 which demands honest men in office. Men with brains enough to know dishonesty when they see it, and courage enough to fight it when they find it. The chairman declared Wolfe out of order and refused to entertain his appeal. Mr. Wolfe insisted on his right to demand the reading of the resolution, and Senator Cooper of Delaware and Representative Barrett of Lackawanna took the same view. There was considerable commotion, but on motion of Senator Cooper the resolution was received.

Hon. G. A. Grow was made permanent chairman. Samuel Butler was then nominated treasurer and accepted in a brief speech. The following resolutions were then adopted:

Resolved, *First*. That the republican party again forced to stand forward for the defense of human rights after a struggle lasting through a generation finds itself confronted by the same foes of federal unity, political freedom and national honor, which it has so often overthrawn in civil contests and armed conflict.

Second, That we appeal to the union loving people of Pennsylvania to arrest by their votes the mad career of the democratic party which insists upon placing the national government under the dominion of men who lately fought to destroy it and who are now plotting to give triumph to the doctrine of state sovereignty which they failed to establish in the field.

Third, We declare our implacable hostility to the repeal of national laws which protect the security of the ballot and secure fair elections. The election of congressmen and presidential electors being already subject to national control any attempt to throw off that control is simply an effort to establish fraud at elections. Honest suffrage, equal rights, unity of the nation, and the supremacy of the national government in all matters placed by the constitution under its control can be maintained only by the republican party which is alone committed to their defence.

Fourth, That the democratic party having committed itself to break up the government by refusing to appropriate moneys already collected from the people to sustain the government, unless the executive shall sanction a measure intended to foster fraud, violence, and corruption in national elections, and to impair the constitutional supremacy of the nation, deserves and meets the condemnation of every law abiding and honest citizen.

Fifth, That we are in favor of the payment of the national debt in coin, according to the understanding between the government and the loaners. We congratulate the country upon the returning national prosperity, and upon the accomplishment under a republican national administration of the successful resumption of specie payments. The national credit has been maintained and strengthened, and the burden of debt largely reduced. To complete what has been [illegible] we demand that our present financial system remain undisturbed.

Sixth, That it is the policy and practice of protection to home industries and home production inaugurated and sustained by the republican party we are indebted for the growth and development of our domestic and foreign commerce, and for our prosperous condition and strength of national finance and that to the continuance of that policy must we look in future for assured prosperity and peace throughout the country.

Seventh, That the firm stand of the President in vindicating the prerogatives of co-ordinate departments of government meets the hearty approval of the republican party of Pennsylvania.

Eighth, We call on the veteran soldiers of the war for union to join us in resenting unjust expulsion of their wounded comrades from office by a democratic congress and the transfer of their places to rebel soldiers whose chief recommendation seems to be unrepented treason and unending hate of the nation.

Ninth, That we earnestly sympathize with our southern republican brethren who are pr[ess]ing under the horrors of political persecution. We bid them be of good cheer. Fraud and force cannot always triumph even in a region where fraud and force find congenial home. [illegible] a solid south now defy [illegible] solid north will not fail in due time to secure them that perfect freedom which is the birth right and inheritance of every American citizen.

Tenth, That the United States of America is a nation, not a league. Its constitution and all laws made in pursuance thereof are the supreme law of the land. Anything in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding.

Eleventh, That a tribunal has been established by the constitution to determine whether the laws are made in pursuance thereof in the supreme court of the United States. All laws enacted, unless repealed by law or declared void by said court, neither law maker, citizens, nor states have a right to nullify.

Twelfth, That we pledge ourselves in favor of such legislation as will prevent unlawful and unconstitutional discrimination of freights by the carrying companies of the country.

Thirteenth, That the success of the administration of the state under the management of the republican party, the steady reduction of the state debt, and enforced compliment of the present democratic treasurer, that not one dollar of the public funds had been lost or missing during seventeen years of republican custody of funds, prove that official integrity and financial skill have been benefits conferred by our party on the tax payers of the state, and merits the approval of the people of Pennsylvania.

Fourteenth, That we heartily indorse the administration of Governor Hoyt, and the stalwart attitude of Senator Cameron and the republican members of the house of representatives in resisting the revolutionary riders so persistently pressed by the democrats in congress.

A resolution commending the nominees of the convention was adopted. Adjourned sine die.

Wisconsin Republican State Convention.

MADISON, July 23.—The state republican convention was called to order in the assembly chamber by Horace Rublee, chairman of the state committee, promptly at 10 o'clock. Mr. Rublee spoke of the harmony and glorious record of the party and of the national cause that must now dominate in the state canvass. His allusions to the financial policy of the party, return to specie basis, elicited applause. David Atwood was elected temporary chairman and Filetus Knight and A. E. Thompson secretaries. The usual committees were appointed and recess taken.

On re-assembling the committee on credentials reported full delegations present, entitled to 266 votes.

The committee on permanent organization reported for president J. B. Cassaday; secretaries W. H. McCord and A. S. Herne. Mr. Cassaday took the chair and spoke briefly, reminding the convention that inspired by glorious achievements the republican party expected to maintain its lofty attitude as the exponent of national unity and progress.

At 1 o'clock the convention ordered an informal ballot for governor. The names of Smith and Luddington were presented with eulogistic cheers. Votes were taken by tellers without roll call. Total 261; Smith 170; Luddington 85, scattering 6. Governor Smith's nomination was declared unanimous by acclamation. Other state officers were nominated by acclamation as follows: Lieutenant governor, Jas. M. Bingham; secretary of state, Hans B. Warner; treasurer, R. Guinther; attorney general, Alex Wilson; superintendent of public instruction, Wm. C. Whitford.

Gov. Smith was introduced and was received with applause and gratefully accepted the nomination. Lieutenant-Governor Bingham and other candidates were also presented and returned thanks. The committee on resolutions then reported and the report was adopted as follows:—

The republicans of Wisconsin declare their adhesion to the following propositions:

First, That the republic of the United States of America is a nation and not a confederacy of sovereign states, and its government is clothed with permanent authority for the regulation of all subjects of national concern.

Second, Elections of members of congress are national elections and as such the whole country is interested in having them fairly and peacefully conducted, to see that every voter may be afforded an opportunity to exercise his right of suffrage freely and without fear of personal violence, to vote once and only once at a given election, and to have his vote honestly counted and returned. It is the duty of the national government to enforce this right. The republican party is opposed to any military interference with elections except when necessary to maintain public peace and to protect the constitutional rights of citizens.

Third, The refusal of the majority in congress to make appropriations of money already collected by tax from the people for ordinary and legitimate expenses of the government with the purpose of compelling the president by such refusal to approve measures which he regards as unwise and wrong is revolutionary in principle, a subversion of the constitution, and deserving the condemnation of all good citizens.

Fourth, The practice of attaching what is popularly termed political riders to appropriation bills should be prohibited.

Fifth, The thanks and grateful recognition of the people are due to President Hayes and the republican members of congress for their firm and successful resistance of attempts by the democratic party to disarm the national government on election days, and to repeal all laws for protecting the purity of the ballot box, and providing for the detection and punishment of fraudulent voting.

Sixth, The successful resumption of specie payment vindicated the wisdom of the republican party on that subject and afforded a signal illustration of the lack of honesty of statesmanship which led the democratic party to oppose resumption and to declare that it was impossible to secure it.

Seventh, That it is the duty of congress to enact laws to carry out the provisions of the constitution with its amendments and to secure to the people of the states, rights guaranteed by it and that laws when enacted are supreme and must be observed and recent attempts of democratic congress to repeal and strike from statute books such laws has no parallel in the history of the country.

Eighth, That our governor and state officers are entitled to the thanks and approval of the people for their wise and faithful administration of public trusts committed to them.

The convention then adjourned sine die.

REPUBLICAN ANNIVERSARY.

MADISON, WIS., July 23. The republican mass meeting in commemoration of the 25th anniversary of the organization in Wisconsin was called to order at 2:15 p. m. There was a large attendance. After music an original poem was read and dedicated to this occasion by S. S. Rockwood. It was a rythmic roll call of past and present republican leaders and names, especially of those now most prominent, and were received with applause. Brief speeches were made by John Walworth and Chas. G. Williams. Senator Chandler was then called for and was received with great applause. In the course of his remarks, he said the doctrine of state sovereignty that involved us in great war was asserted to day. Notwithstanding that the rebels surrendered at Appomattox, they admitted that the United States was a government. Then they made no claims for they had none. They asked only their miserable lives as a boon. We treated them with magnanimity never before shown. They were bound by the laws of nations, and the laws of war are to pay every dollar of the cost of that war. They staked their all, and lost all. We took them to our arms, clothed them, and reinstated them, and now, in 1879, they hold the same purpose they did twenty years ago, and make the same pretentions claims of state right. I find in the senate to-day almost the identical issues that were raised there when I first entered it in 1857. Men have changed, but their ideas have not. They are determined to ruin or rule the government. I tell you, the country is more in danger than it was twenty years ago. King Caucus rules now where King Cotton once held sway, and is not less dangerous.

Senator Chandler asked permission to make a digression on Chicago papers that had misrepresented him in comments on one count of his indictment against the democratic party. That the party had attempted to damage the business interests of the country by silver legislation. He explained and defended his position and asked, "Now, Mr. Chicago Tribune, are you in favor of the Warner silver bill?" Mr. Chandler thanked God for the whole record of the republican party and gloried in its financial record. It has mastered the greatest national debt ever laid on any people, and has given the lie to all the prophecies that the debt would be repudiated. When our exigencies made us great borrowers and closed the money markets of the world against the United States, a republican administration appealed to the patriotism of the people and then and there the greenback was born. Republicans came into power at a time when our bonds found no purchasers. To-day our bonds vast in volume command a premium at the low rate of four per cent. After a record so great, achievements in camp and cabinet, we are told the republican party has performed its mission, and ought to die. Well if outlived its fullness, and ought to die it is ours, but ever a party was prepared to die it [illegible] we have made other arrangements and propose to live. Every promise and pledge of the party has been kept and shall we be told it ought to die. Mr. Chandler was vociferously cheered.

The Yellow Fever.

WASHINGTON, July 23. The Mississippi river commission meets in St. Louis this week. The yellow fever has broken out at Tampico, Mexico.

NEW YORK, July 23. The Episcopal order of Sisters of St. Mary will send nurses to their Memphis branch.

MEMPHIS, July 23. Thirteen new cases were reported to the board of health this morning. Among them are J. Leicester, wife, and child, and the ex-chief of police, Thos. W. O'Donnell. One death has occurred, Mrs. Delia Barry, in Mosby street. The fever seems to be gradually spreading in the northern portion of the city, and in Chelsea, which up to yesterday had been exempt. Michael Athey, the brother of the chief of police, P. R. Athey, was taken sick last night, and it is thought he also has the fever. The citizens continue leaving in large numbers. The authorities are looking about for a site for a camp.

ST. LOUIS, July 23.—Information was received to-day that Texas authorities are about adopting regulations requiring all passengers entering that state to show a health certificate obtained at the points from which they started no matter what locality or sections of country. Superintendents of all roads leading toward Texas, the Missouri Pacific, Iron Mountain and St. Louis, and S. F. and M., K. & T. immediately joined in the telegram to state health officers at Houston, calling attention to the great inconvenience this would occasion, and requesting him instead to send a reliable official to St. Louis, Cairo and Hannibal with orders to require sworn certificates of all Texas passengers that they have not been in infected districts since July 10th and requiring all passengers to be identified.

Buford Found Guilty.

OWENTON, KY., July 23—The jury in the Buford case after being out eighteen hours brought in a verdict guilty of murder in the first degree and fixed his punishment at penitentiary for life.

Indian Depredations.

CHICAGO, July 23. The Tribune's Ft. Peck, Montana, special says Jos. Lambert, a well-known interpreter and scout, was, with his wife and four children, killed on the twentieth inst., by Sioux. Three other persons, who were returning with him from Yankton Camp, were also killed, and one little girl was taken captive.

Great Railroad Travel.

NEW YORK, July 23.—The New York Central Railroad company has been obliged to put on two extra trains within the past week to accommodate the largely increased traffic. The rush of travel has been so great on through trains that the engines could not pull them and make time.

FOREIGN.

A Heavy Battle with the Zulus.

LONDON, July 23.—A detailed official dispatch from Lord Chelmsford says Cetewayo not only failed to comply with my demands for return of cannons, &c., but fired on our watering parties. I consequently returned the cattle he had sent in and ordered a reconnoissance by Colonel Buller's horse. This caused the Zulu army to advance on the morning of July 14. My force consisting of Gen. Newdegat's division and Gen. Wood's column, aggregating 4,000 Europeans, and 1,000 natives with twelve cannon and two Gatlings crossed the Umvelosi river at 6:45 a. m. The force reached an excellent position between Enadwengo and Ulandi about 8:30 a. m. The Zulu army had been observed leaving its bivouacs about 7.30. An engagement was shortly begun by mounted men. By 9 o'clock the Zulu's attack was fully developed. By 9:30 in the evening they wavered, and Lancers followed by remaining cavalry attacked them and a general rout ensued. Prisoners state Cetewayo was personally commanding and witnessed the fight from neighboring kraal.

The Zulu prisoners state that 12 regiments aggregating 20,000, participated in the attack. Lord Chelmsford estimated the Zulu loss could not have been less than 1,000 men. Allundi was burning at noon. The steadiness of our troops, who at one time in the engagement were under a complete belt of fire, was remarkable. The dash and enterprise of the cavalry was all that could be wished. Our fortified camp had been left in charge of 900 Europeans and 250 natives. A portion of the Zulu forces at one time threatened to attack it. A large body of Zulus surrendered after the battle. They are also coming in on General Crealock's advance in large numbers.

Lord Chelmsford's dispatch says: "As I have fully accomplished the object for which I advanced, I consider that I shall be best carrying out Sir Garnet Wolseley's instructions by immediately moving towards Kambowasi. I shall send back a portion of this force for supplies which are now ready at Ft. Marshal. Kambowasi appears to be about thirty miles south of Ulandi."

Sir Garnet Wolseley telegraphs from Dunbar on the eighth of July as follows: "I have halted all reinforcements here, as I believe the war is over. Do not send any more men or supplies till you hear from me. I expect to meet the great Zulu chief about the sixteenth inst., and discuss the terms of peace with him."

Proceedings in English Parliament.

LONDON, July 23. In the house of commons yesterday the under secretary of state declared if Turkey and Greece failed to come to an understanding in regard to the frontier, the British government was ready to join in mediation. The government had never isolated themselves from other powers.

The bill introduced by the chancellor of exchequer enabling banks to limit liability shareholders to twice the amount of their paid up capital was discussed by Wm. Holmes, liberal member for Paisly who objected to the government amendments restricting the operation of the bill to England.

Panama Canal.

LONDON, July 23.—De Lesseps has issued a prospectus of Darien Canal Company. Capital is fixed at 400,000,000 francs. Only 125 francs per share will be called up in the first instance. Interest at the rate of 6 per cent. will be paid on actual money received during the course of construction. De Lesseps estimates an income of 90,000,000 francs from the card and reckons shareholders will receive 11½ per cent. per annum.

Another War on Hand.

LONDON, July 23. War between Turks and Greeks is said to be imminent.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

O. J. Salisbury, of Salt Lake, general superintendent of the Overland Stage Co., was married in Pittsburg, Pa., to Maggie Walker, daughter of Major Walker, and neice of Senator Blaine.

FOREIGN NOTES.

Milton Forrow, American, won the Albert prize at Wimbledon. Score, 70.

The assets of Price, Bonstrod & Co., of London, army agents and merchants, are estimated at £800,000.

The French government is negotiating to obtain Marshal MacMahon's acceptance of command of garrisons of Paris and Versailles.

The land owners in the Ampurda district, Spain, are daily receiving letters from brigands, levying blackmail, under threats of assassination.

The Paris Telegram has the following: Ex-Empress Eugenie will shortly acknowledge Prince Jerome as the representative of Imperialism.

The disunion of the Bonapartists is becoming daily more apparent, and now De Cassagnac urges in the Pays, that lineage is nothing, everything should depend upon the result of the Plebiscite.

Commercial and Monetary.

(By Telegraph.)

New York, July 23.

Gold—quiet.
Bar silver—113¾.
Silver Coin—⅝@¾ discount.
Carrying Rates—1@2.
Clearings not given.
Borrowing Rates flat and ⅛.
Customs receipts—not given.
Money—02½@03.
Prime Mercantile paper—3@4.
Sterling—Dull; sixty days, $3.84; sight, $3.86.
Assistant Treasurer's disbursements—not given
State Bonds—strong.
Railroad Securities—dull.
State Securities—Dull.
Governments—weak.
Stocks—The market was active and strong. Tone characterized speculations throughout the entire day, closing quotations showing an advance of 1⅛ to 1¼ per cent.

CITY LOTS.

I have over 100 Choice Lots suitable for either Business or Residence, in different parts of the City, which I can sell at Reasonable Prices. Some of them I can sell

LOW DOWN FOR CASH.

Others I can sell at low prices; part cash, and balance in six months or one year.

Also, bargains in

IMPROVED PROPERTY

Call and get PRICES and TERMS before buying.

CHAS. HALLOWELL,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent, COLORADO SPRINGS.
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THE STOCK MARKET.

COUPONS.

Coupons '81, new	104	New 4½s, coups	106⅛@106¼
Coupons '81	107⅜	New 4's, reg	102⅛@102¼
Coupons '67 called in		New 4's coups	102¼@102½
Coupons '68 called in		10-40s, reg	104
New 5s	104	10-40s, coupons	102
New 4½s reg	100⅝	Currency 6s	122

STOCKS.

W. U. Telegraph	90½	T. W & W, pref	109½
Quicksilver	14½	Fort Wayne	116⅞
Quicksilver, pref'd	39	Fort Wayne, pref	114¾
Pacific Mail	14⅛	Terre Haute	110½
Mariposa	103⅛	Terre Haute, pref	18⅝
Mariposa, pref	103⅞	Chicago & Alton	85
Adams Express	105	C & A, pref	115
Fargo Express	97	Ohio & Mississippi	115⅝
American Express	47⅛	Del & Lackawana	95⅛
U S Express	46⅝	A & P. Tel	35⅜
N. Y. Central	118¼	Missouri Pacific	73⅛
Erie	27⅜	A & P, pref	34⅝
Erie, pref	51½	Indiana Central	
Harlem	155	C B & Q	117⅞
Harlem, pref	30	H & St Joe	119⅛
Michigan Central	51⅛	C P Bonds	109⅛
Panama	151½	U P Bonds	109¾
Union Pacific	77⅞	U P Land Grant	113¾
Lake Shore	77⅛	U P Sinking Fund	115⅛
I C	87⅛	H & St Joe pref	141⅛
C & P	99⅝	Can S	59⅞
Northwestern	73½	L & N	53⅞
Northwestern, pref	96⅞	K P	57½
C C C & I	51	K & T	14⅞
N J Central	53¼	St L & S F	9⅛
Rock Island	136¾	St L & S F, pref	11½
St. Paul	57⅜	First pref	23
St. Paul, pref	91⅜	St L, K C & N	18
T. W. & W.	53		

STATE BONDS.

Missouri 6s	104½	Virginia, new	30
Tennessee 6s, new	31⅝	Virginia, old	34
Tennessee 6s, old	34⅛		

KANSAS CITY MARKET.

KANSAS CITY, July 23.

FLOUR—unchanged.

WHEAT—The Indicator reports receipts 15,849 bu; shipments 27,538 bu; in store 147,429 bu; lower; No 2 93⅛; No 3 90¼; No 4 87⅛.

CORN—Receipts 5,479 bu; shipments 12,643 bu; in store 73,184 bu; steady; No 2 mixed 39⅞; No 2 white mixed 39 rej [illegible] 29⅛ asked.

OATS—No. 2, 21c bid, 20c asked.

RYE—Nominal.

BARLEY—Nominal.

EGGS—Receipts not as large but market weak at 6@6c per doz.

BUTTER—Closes firm [illegible] at 11@12½c; store packed quiet at 5@6c; [illegible] 2Kc.

CATTLE. The Indicator reports the receipts 1,948; shipments 1,827; fairly active and unchanged; native steers averaging 1,220 pounds sold 380; native stockers $2.50 to 3.10; native cows 2.25 to 2.60; wintered Texas steers 2.40 to 2.65; do cows 2.15; corn fed Texas steers averaging 1,105 pounds 295.

HOGS—Receipts 953, shipments 855; market dull and slow to sell; sales ranged from $2.80 to 3.27½. The latter price for averages of 1058 pounds.

SHEEP—receipts 540; no shipments.

BANKS.

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AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $100,000
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IRVING HOWBERT, *Cashier.* — J. F. HUMPHREY, *Ass't Cashier.*
BENJ. F. CROWELL. — E. GREENOUGH.
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NIECE'S PHARMACY,

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Prescriptions Prepared from the Best Pharmaceutical Preparations, and Correctness and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

A CHOICE LINE OF CIGARS.

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WHIPPLE & EATON,

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COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

GEO. FECHTER & BRO.,

Fashionable Tailors

Pike's Peak Avenue,
OPPOSITE WALKERS BILLIARD HALL

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Court House Hall!

N. C. FORRESTER, LESSEE.

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Of the Illustrious Government Scout,

Buffalo Bill!

(HON. W. F. CODY,)

AND HIS COMBINATION

Thursday Eve., July 24,

In the Great Sensational Mormon Drama,

MAY CODY,

OR

LOST AND WON.

Supported by MASTER EDDIE BURGERS, the Boy Chief of the Pawnees; C. A. BURGERS, Government Interpreter; a band of

GENUINE INDIANS!

Mounted on their own Prairie Horses; and a

POWERFUL DRAMATIC COMPANY!

Notwithstanding the enormous expense attending Mr. W. F. Cody's engagement, the prices of admission will remain at popular figures.

RESERVED SEATS, $1.00
GENERAL ADMISSION, .75
CHILDREN, .50

Box Sheet now open at Tritt & Jeffery's.

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IS PREPARED TO DO

BLACKSMITHING

Carriage and Wagon Repairing,

Plow Work and Everything in his Line.

SHOEING FINE HORSES A SPECIALTY.

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The largest stock of CANDIES to be found in the city kept constantly on hand. Groceries, Nuts, Raisins, Figs, Oranges, Lemons, and California Fresh and Canned Fruits.

FANCY CAKES for Weddings and Festivals made and ornamented on short notice and in a superior manner.

BREAD delivered daily to all parts of the city and Manitou.

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SHOP in block opposite Post Office. P. O. Box 155.

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TAKEN UP.

CAPTURED.—Out of a band of wild horses, three large mares (two roans and one gray), three yearling colts (one bay, one sorrel, and one roan), and three sucking colts. Inquire at this office. 7 23 6*

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Three Months	.... 2.50	One Month	.... 1.00

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Per Annum	.... $2.00	Six Months	.... $1.00
Three Months	.... .50	One Month	....

ADVERTISING.

Rates made known on application to the office.

JOB WORK.

Facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any establishment west of the Missouri river.

Resumption seems to have taken all the enthusiasm out of the greenback state conventions.

The honest-money league of Cleveland is officered by an equal number of democrats and republicans.

Senator Blaine, speaking of William E. Chandler says "he talks too much." Mr. Blaine expresses a very general opinion.

Will the Mining *Record* please explain why it demands the free coinage of silver for this country, while it endorses France in limiting the coinage of silver?

An arithmetical question for the Denver *Tribune* to solve: If it takes the Atchison management six days to disable six D. & R. G. engines, how long will it take to disable the remaining thirty.

The Kansas *importation of conductors*, engineers, and brakemen for the D. & R. G. road are not a success. The conductors can't even name the stations, calling for instance, Husted, *House*-ted. The engineers have already wrecked six engines. The brakemen know so little about the management of the brakes that a prominent citizen had a narrow escape from death Tuesday night, owing to the inability of the brakeman to stop the train at a regular landing.

The Boston *Advertiser*, always conservative, has the following on the political outlook in Maine: "Many of the prominent republican leaders do not count confidently upon electing their candidate for governor by the people. At the best they expect to carry the legislature, and to choose Mr. Davis in that way, while they entertain some hope of giving him a popular majority. As for a full reversal of the result of last September, and a restoration of the political situation to what it was in and before 1877, there are very few intelligent observers who do not abandon the idea utterly."

So far as heard from the following is a list of the wrecks of engines since the Atchison management took possession of the D. & R. G. road last week:

Engine No. 20 upset at Denver.

Engine No. 10 run off the track at Pueblo.

Engine No. 15 sent into the shops with grates and fire-box burned out.

Engine No. 2 dead on the main track between Alamosa and Garland.

Engine No. 1 totally wrecked at Garland.

Engine No. 22 burned and laid up at Placer.

The effect of the Santa Fe management on Denver trade is well illustrated in Mr. J. W. Richard's affidavit. He shipped over the Denver & Rio Grande line 1,018,000 pounds of grain in November 1878, 1,426,000 pounds in December, in January 1879, after Atchison rates were established 640,000 pounds, 546,000 of which were under an old contract with the Rio Grande Company. In February, 1879, the shipments were reduced to 72,000 pounds, and in March, April, and May the shipments were almost nothing. From the 16th of June to the 12th of July, while the road was in the hands of a *receiver*, the shipments increased to 460,000 pounds. This tells the whole story. It is no wonder that nine out of ten Denver merchants protest against the present management of the D. & R. G. road.

The gross earnings of the Denver and Rio Grande Co. from June 23, 1878, when the road to Alamosa was finished, to December 13, was $663,531.11, or a daily average of $3,835.44. The earnings under Atchison management from December 14, 1878, to May 31, 1879, were $486,394.07, or an average of $2,878.07 daily. This is nearly a thousand dollars a day less when all know the business was much greater in the first five months of this year than in the last five months of 1878. Forty-three per cent. of these earnings, the amount paid to the D. & R. G. Co., is only $1,239.56 a day, while the interest on the bonds amounts to $1,464.77 per day. This is all shown to Judge Hallett by proper affidavits and ought to have great weight with him in deciding the motion to appoint a receiver.

A great deal has been said about the attack on Dr. Stevenson of the Pueblo *Chieftain*. We would not give any opinion as to whether it was deserved or not. But we decidedly disagree with some of the comments of the press on this event. It seems to be a too general opinion among newspaper men that they can lie, revile, and falsify as much as they please without being personally responsible. We don't believe it. The days of duelling has passed but not the days of cowhiding. When McGarrahan cowhided Don Piatt last winter for his persistent lying about him, the public said he only received his just deserts. The same opinion was generally prevalent a year ago when ex-Secretary Taft's son whipped a Cincinnati editor for publishing a false story in regard to his family relations. An editor must not suppose that the freedom of the press is freedom to slander and falsify as personal whims or bribery money may dictate. An editor has no more right to step beyond the pale of decency than any other member of society, nor will public opinion confound this with freedom of the press. We would not recommend that any man should take the law into his own hands. Such a precedent is dangerous. But still when an editor is regardless of decency and a respectable man smarts under undeserved personal attacks which he cannot obtain redress for in the courts, we do not feel inclined to blame him for taking the law into his own hands.

—One of the most absurd arguments that has been used in the discussion of the sectional question was that used in Senator Conkling's speech where he speaks of the north paying taxes in proportion to the custom duties collected. If the argument was good, then New York pays more taxes than all the rest of the country. The mistake arises from the *wrong* conception that the producer and not the consumer pays the taxes. The south pays a heavy internal revenue tax on tobacco and whiskey, but it is the chewer and the drinker who after all pay this tax. It is reported that Secretary Sherman intends to use these statistics, given by Senator Conkling, in his Maine speech. It is to be hoped that his usual acumen will prevent his making such a perverted use of statistics.

Among the greatest abuses of power by the democratic senate was the removal of Doorkeeper S. L. Wilson of the senate. The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Times* gives the following as his record: "Wilson was wounded at Gettysburg at the time Sickles was endeavoring to check Longstreet's charge. He was at first shot through the leg, and while lying on the field with a shattered bone his other leg was carried away by a shell. Both legs were amputated on the field; one below the knee and the other above. He lay on the field fifteen hours before he was cared for, and came near dying. He was in bed eighteen months, hanging between life and death. He finally recovered and was enabled to walk, with the benefit of two wooden legs and a pair of crutches. In 1869 Senator Fenton secured his appointment as doorkeeper. He was a great favorite about the senate on account of his gentle manners and obliging disposition. He walks very well with the aid of a stout cane. The action of Colonel Bright in removing this legless man is simply an outrage. Wilson votes the republican ticket, but he does not talk politics nor urge his opinions upon any one. He has always done his work faithfully, and no complaint has ever been made against him."

Things were done in the canvass of 1876 and 1878 that cannot and must not be done again. It was a supreme necessity—the necessity no longer exists. To insist on taking, when the body politic is in full health, the kill-or-cure remedies that were swallowed with good effect when the state was *in extremis* would be to place everybody in South Carolina at the mercy of any set of men who choose to constitute themselves public prosecutors and public executioners.—*Charleston (S. C.) News & Courier.*

The above frank admission is taken from the leading democratic paper of South Carolina. It admits now that the stories of rifle clubs and tissue ballots were true, though everywhere in the north emphatically denied by democrats. This cannot be considered any longer a disputed question. The *News* quietly says it was the "kill-or-cure" remedy used at a time when the state was *in extremis*. But few will believe that there ever could be occasion for such bloodthirsty and fraudulent business. If the evils of the state cannot be rooted out except by murder and fraud, the state is not worth saving. We admire the frankness of the *News*, but we denounce the methods, it coolly calls legitimate, as barbarous, cruel, and unworthy of a civilized community. Since the south thinks that such remedies as murderous intimidation and fraudulent tissue ballots may be legitimate, it offers no guarantee that such methods will not always be used when the democratic party in the south feels it has a dangerous opponent. If any thing were needed to justify the president's firmness in maintaining the right of the general government to control elections for national officers, the above they would be sufficient. The south is much interested in the abolition of these methods. It must see the danger of such a precedent and the terrible use it may be put to to foster and keep in power a Tweed ring.

What May be Expected.

If the Boston corporation retains control of the Denver and Rio Grande road and continues to employ the sort of engineers, it has so far, the judges of this state will soon be able to follow the example set some years ago by a New Jersey judge. At a time when fatal accidents on the Camden and Amboy railroad were matters of almost daily occurrence, a man who had been tried for murder and found guilty by the jury was brought up for sentence. The judge regarding him with the accustomed funereal look said: "I sentence you to ride over the Camden and Amboy railroad; and may God have mercy on your soul."—*Denver Republican.*

BANKS.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

OF COLORADO SPRINGS.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL,	$100,000
PAID IN CAPITAL,	$50,000

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Transacts a General Banking and Exchange Business.

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A Large Stock of

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LUMBER,

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Opposite Park.

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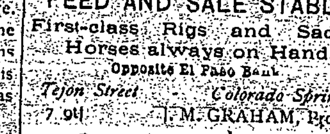

FEED AND SALE STABLE.

First-class Rigs and Saddle Horses always on Hand.

Opposite El Paso Bank.

Tejon Street — *Colorado Springs.*

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First-Class Livery

Wilbur & Goodrich

At the Avenue Stables citizens and strangers will be furnished at all times with fine driving horses and first-class turnouts of every description.

NO OLD PLUGS!

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Dilapidated Carriages

Sent out from this establishment to be charged for at full rates. Call on us and you will again every time.

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DRUGS, MEDICINES

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Fine Line of Toilet Articles

May be obtained at

NIECE'S PHARMACY,

South Side of Huerfano Street.

Prescriptions Prepared from the Best Pharmaceutical Preparations, and Correctness and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

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A CHOICE LINE OF CIGARS.

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WHIPPLE & EATON,

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GEO. FECHTER & BRO.,

Fashionable Tailors

Pike's Peak Avenue,

OPPOSITE WALKER'S BILLIARD HALL.

5-7 3m

MILLINERY, DRY GOODS,

HOSIERY, & FANCY GOODS,

AT REDUCED RATES!

CALICO WRAPPERS ONLY $1.25!

Wellesley's new block, opposite post office.

7 12 1m — P. ERICKSON.

The price of the WEEKLY is only two dollars per annum, one dollar for six months, fifty cents for three months, and twenty-five per month.

TRADE DIRECTORY

ATTORNEYS.

WILLIAM HARRISON, attorney at law, office over People's bank, Colorado Springs.

BAKERY.

WM. BUSH, baker, confectioner and dealer in California fruits, ice cream, &c., Postoffice block.

BOOTS & SHOES.

R. B. PEERY, dealer in Boots and Shoes. Rubber goods and ladies' goods a specialty, West side of Tejon street.

DRUGS, MEDICINES.

CITY DRUG STORE—R. V. KENNEDY, dispensing druggist, corner Tejon and Huerfano streets, Colorado Springs, Colorado. Special attention given to compounding prescriptions at all hours.

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, &C.

D. W. ROBBINS, dealer in clothing, dry goods, boots and shoes, hats, caps and furnishing goods. Huerfano Street.

FURNITURE & UNDERTAKING.

S. B. WESTERFIELD & CO., Huerfano Street, Opposite Gazette Office. Dealers in Furniture, Carpets, and Undertakers' Goods. tf

A. L. MILLARD & CO., dealers in Furniture and Undertakers' goods. Open day and night. Opposite City Hall. 2-2-tf.

HARNESS MAKERS.

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TODD & OSBORNE, dealers in fresh meats of all kinds, of good quality and at prices to suit the times. Market on east side of Tejon street. Highest market price paid for fat cattle, calves, sheep, and all kinds of meats.

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COLORADO SPRINGS MUSEUM, W. B. Norton, proprietor. A fine line of Rocky mountain curiosities kept constantly on hand. Views $1.50 per dozen. Visitors welcome.

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DURKEE & LEE, dealers in stoves, hardware, tinware and house furnishing goods. West side Tejon street.

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The Best Place to procure Relics and Curiosities as Souvenirs in Colorado.

Mr. Aiken is a naturalist in high standing throughout the United States and a Taxidermist of large experience and artistic talent. He has on exhibition and for sale a large assortment of mounted heads of our characteristic game animals for wall ornaments, also mounted birds, mineral specimens, cut and polished native stones, mineral caskets, floral collections and various curiosities.

He is the manufacturer of the celebrated

ANTIMACASSAS

or fur mats, prepared from nicely tanned skins of our native wild animals to show the natural shape of the skin, with the mounted head, and the tail intact. Thrown upon the floor of a room or over the back of an easy chair they are highly attractive and ornamental, and being so novel and so easy of carriage they meet with general favor among tourists wishing keepsakes of the country.

You will find this the best place in town to select

Stereoscopic Views!!

Thurlow's Views	*$2.00 per doz.*
Gurnsey's Views	*2.00 " "*
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The Largest and Best stock of

BUFFALO ROBES

ever seen in this town, to which the attention of campers is particularly directed. Excluding both wind and moisture, and being both warm and comfortable, to sleep upon they are indispensible to any one in camp, and owing to their magnetic properties are highly conducive to health.

AIKEN'S MUSEUM,

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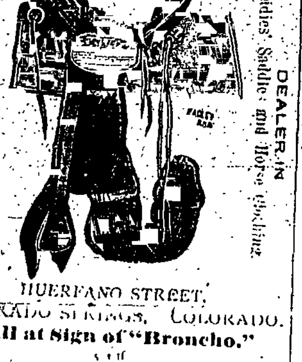
First entrance west of the First National Bank. Remember the place.

Branch store at Manitou.

H. T. O'BRIEN,

MANUFACTURER OF CALIFORNIA SADDLES.



DEALER IN Ladies' Saddles and Horse Clothing

HUERFANO STREET,

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Call at Sign of "Broncho."

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SHIP ALL YOUR GOODS FOR

LEADVILLE,

IN CARE OF

TRUE & SUTTON,

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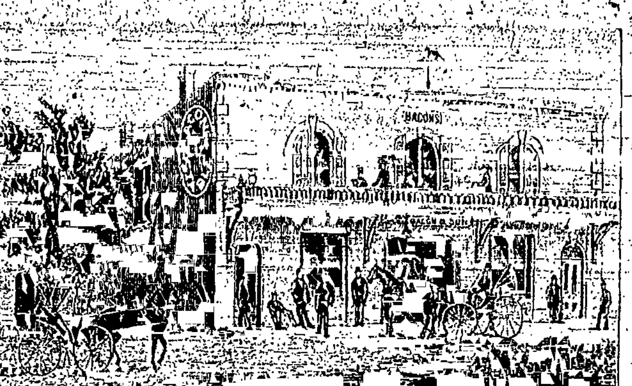
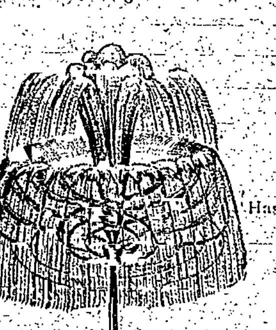
Oldest and Best Grocery House in Town

Bacon's Livery, Sale AND Feed STABLE.



First-class Rigs at Rates Lower than the Lowest.

J. H. BACON & SON, Proprietors.



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PLUMBER,

Has the largest and most complete assortment of Plumbers' Materials in the city.

I GUARANTEE ALL MY WORK

ORDERS FOR

Tapping & Plumbing

WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

J. W. FAIRFIELD,

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE — COLORADO SPRINGS.

Cigars! Cigars! Cigars!

The only place in the city where a really good Imported Key West or Spanish Cigar can be had is at

C. STOCKBRIDGE'S,

NEXT DOOR TO THE POST OFFICE.

The greatest pains are taken to select only the finest, and I guarantee it to be what I advertise.

Call and try them. They are cheaper and better than any at any other house.

First, I buy in LARGER QUANTITIES than any other house. Second, none but the BEST GOODS are kept.

ALSO

Guns, Rifles, Revolvers and Ammunition,

Cheapest and Best Selection in town.

Remember the place,

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GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.

Newspaper Advertising Bureau.

For Ten Cents: One Hundred page Pamphlet with Lists of Newspapers and Advertising Rates.

For Ten Dollars: Four Lines Inserted One Week in Three Hundred and Fifty Newspapers.

10 Spruce Street N. Y.

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MADAME RITA,

Teacher of Singing and the Piano Forte.

TERMS:	Vocal Lessons,	$15 per term.
	Instrumental,	$12 per term.

Madame RITA will continue to visit Manitou and Colorado Springs every Wednesday and Saturday, and can admit a few more pupils to her class. Address,

7 15 tf — CASCADE VILLAS.

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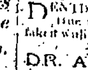

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DENTISTS.

Office first door east of True & Sutton's, up stairs.

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DENTISTS—Over Barnes & Arnold's new block, Huerfano street, Colorado Springs. Special care taken with children's teeth. 7-8-tf

DR. A. WELLINGTON ADAMS.

EAR, THROAT, AND LUNG SPECIALIST.—Northwest corner Kiowa and Tejon streets. Formerly surgeon in charge of the Ear, Throat, and Lung Department of the Central Dispensary, Washington, D. C. 7-4-tf

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PROFESSIONAL Nurse. At Mrs. Pratt's, Nevada Avenue, between Pike's Peak avenue and Huerfano street. 5 22tf

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SPECIAL attention given to diseases of women and children. Residence—corner of Tejon and Kiowa streets.

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Office at Coal Yard near freight depot. Orders at the hardware stores of G. S. Barnes and Durkee & Lee.

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The Right Sort of a Girl.

Just fair enough to be pretty,
Just gentle enough to be sweet,
Just saucy enough to be witty,
Just dainty enough to be neat.

Just tall enough to be graceful,
Just slight enough for a fay,
Just dressy enough to be tasteful,
Just merry enough to be gay.

Just tears enough to be tender,
Just sighs enough to be sad,
Just soft enough to remember
Your heart thro' the cadence may glad.

Just meek enough for submission,
Just bold enough to be brave,
Just pride enough for ambition,
Just thoughtful enough to be grave.

A tongue that can talk without harming,
Just mischief enough to tease,
Manners pleasant enough to be charming,
That put you at once at your ease.

Generous enough, and kind hearted,
Pure as the angels above;
Oh! from her may I never be parted,
For such is the maiden I love.

Lady Waldegrave.

The latest blow of this kind which has befallen the fashionable world is the death of Lady Waldegrave, who was to have given a garden party yesterday to the Duc d'Aumale, and another on Saturday next to the Prince and Princess of Wales. There were few women of the present day who exercised a greater influence in social life, and still fewer who could look back upon a more remarkable personal history. Her successes were won in the fair field of marriage, without intrigues of any sort, and without the occurrence of a single incident which was in the remotest degree calculated to tarnish a fair reputation. The daughter of a public singer cannot be said to start with exceptional advantages in the race of life, but Lady Waldegrave was a woman of great abilities as well as of great beauty, and it certainly never was an impediment to her advancement that her father was "only" Mr. Braham, the popular tenor of the last generation, who once sold lead pencils about the streets to gain a living and whose singing the "Death of Nelson" and other favorite songs is still remembered by many persons who cannot be called old. Braham amassed a very handsome fortune, but when an actor or a vocalist is lucky enough to do this he is pretty sure to be seized with a mania for becoming a manager on his own account, and then a speedy good-by to the fortune! So it fell out in Braham's case. He took the Colosseum in Regent's Park (now the site of a row of fine houses) and built the St. James's Theatre, two enterprises in which he embarked no less a sum than £60,000. It all melted away. He had several children, of whom Frances rose to a distinction which far surpassed the wildest dreams of her father. She was married four times and each time to a fortune. It must be admitted that luck was on her side; for in the ordinary course of things a woman, no matter how well she may play her matrimonial cards, can only expect to make her grand *coup* once, or at most twice; but in this case three husbands died, leaving the wife the whole of their property. There are some women who acquire so great a reputation as wives that they might go on marrying until they were a hundred years old, if their lives could be prolonged—*good* managers, abounding in strong common sense and tact, capable of surmounting almost all difficulties without help, in a word, "helpmeets" to their husbands in the fullest sense of that old word. Such a woman was Lady Waldegrave. It surprised most people to learn that she was only fifty-eight years of age when she died. The English "summer," famous all over the world, had killed her. It is a summer in which one is glad to sit in a room with the windows shut and a fire burning, and if a gleam of sunshine momentarily breaks through the clouds it is only to be followed by driving showers of rain and gales of wind. As Horace Walpole used to say, we have no climate in England only weather.—*London Correspondence N. Y. World.*

He Wanted Some Scenery.

On a train coming east over the Central road the other day was a Californian bound for New Jersey, and the train had scarcely left Chicago behind when he stopped the conductor and said:

"On which side of the road can I best see the mountains?"

The conductor told him there were no mountains along the route, and the man indignantly replied:

"What in the blazes did you build this road? What do you suppose I'm traveling for? This must be a one-horse road if it don't take in at least one mountain!"

He cooled down after awhile, but in half an hour he tackled the brakeman with the query:

"Does this road pass by any old ruins of interest?"

The brakeman couldn't remember any ruins except an old log house here and there; and the Californian was mad in a minute.

"Do you think that I shipped on the road as freight or live stock?" he called out. "If you don't run past any old ruins why don't you say so on the time cards, and not be deceiving people?"

When the conductor next came along the Californian was looking from the window to catch sight of the bridges, and he turned and said:

"If we come to any bridges over 800 feet long just give me the word. I don't care about seeing any shorter ones."

The conductor had to admit that the road was trying to get along with a few short bridges, and the passenger bobbed around in his seat and replied:

"What did you build your old road for if you haven't any long bridges on the line? Why didn't you hunt for a new one?"

About thirty miles west of Detroit, the Californian caught sight of the lake after, and going out on the platform he asked the brakeman:

"Don't we run along the shore of that lake over there?"

"No; we are as near it as we shall go."

"You are, eh? Then that settles this road with me! When I come back I'll ride in a lumber wagon! You can take your confounded old railroad and eat it, but you can't fool me again. Looks to me as if the folks who built it simply wanted to connect Detroit and Chicago, and didn't care a cent for scenery...I'll get off at the next station and walk." *Detroit Free Press.*

Lord Dufferin's Bulldog.

A bulldog that was stolen from Lord Dufferin in Canada, a year ago, turned up lately in Long Haute, where she killed a Texas steer in a street fight. Col. Burns, of Evansville, bought her for $110, and fastened her in his stable. The Evansville *Journal* of last Wednesday said: "Yesterday, while the Colonel was leading a horse worth $1,000 past, the dog, she leaped toward the horse with such tremendous force that the collar snapped like a string. She buried her teeth in the horse's flesh. Col. Burns seized the dog by the throat with both hands, and, hurling her back, threw himself upon her as she fell. She tore his shirt into shreds. At last, with his heavy boot heel, he planted a heavy blow on the forehead which stunned the beast." The *Journal* of Thursday said: "Col. Burns was sitting on horseback at his front gate yesterday morning when the spotted bulldog dashed out the side gate, having snapped the cast-iron chain. He whipped his horse into a gallop and followed. Capt. App of the police was coming down the street in his barouche when the dog dashed towards his horse and made a leap at his throat. The horse shied to escape the danger, overthrowing the barouche and hurling Capt. App against a shade-tree with such force as to dislocate the right elbow. On Parrent street the furious dog met a lad and seized him by the collar of his coat. Both rolled off the plank walk and down the embankment. Col. Burns attacked the dog with the butt of a heavy whip and knocked him senseless. The horse ran away, during the fight and has not been recovered. The dog was hauled home still senseless." The *Journal* of Friday said: "Marshal Langolf went to the stables to see the dog yesterday. She lazily yawned and pretended to fawn, while her great red chops, hanging down, were opened and closed indolently. Langolf went to pat her head gently, when she leaped at his throat. The stout trace held her back, though her paws caught in the marshal's vest and brought him down on his knees. He drew his revolver and put two bullets through her head. With a few struggles the ferocious beast died."

PERSONAL.

Mr. T. S. Arthur, the well-known author, is visiting his son, Dr. Arthur, in Scranton.

Mrs. Sarah A. Dorsey is the name of the Mississippi lady who left her entire fortune—two plantations—to Jefferson Davis.

Mr. Joaquin Miller's eccentric spouse, Minnie Myrtle, is engaged upon an invention which, she is persuaded, will yield her a fortune.

Mr. Loo of the Chinese legation at Washington flourishes a fan upon which is some poetry supposed to have been written five thousand years ago.

Longfellow writes to an inquirer: "The Golden Legend is founded upon a German story of the middle ages, written by Hartman von due Ane."

The death at Madrid from typhoid fever is announced of the countess de Nava de Tajo, niece of the Countess de Montijo and cousin of the Empress Eugenie.

King Humbert of Italy "looks wretchedly haggard, stony-eyed and anxious. The Queen, on the contrary, is plump and happy. Life goes easily with her it is her nature.

Senator Thurman did not attend the funeral of his uncle, William Allen. The Senator was detained in Boston by the illness of his wife, who is still suffering from seasickness.

Jean Claude Frey, born at La Chapelle in 1790, and one of the last survivors of Napoleon's army, has just died at Altkirch, in Alsace. He was present at Wagram and Waterloo.

A daughter of Elizabeth Cady Stanton is to come out in the lecture field next winter. She has been at Vassar College for five years and at the Boston School of Oratory two years.

Judge Terry, who killed Senator Broderick in a duel just before the war, is one of the candidates of the California new constitutional party which Dennis Kearney has named the "Honorable Bilks."

The rising musician in England is Master d'Albert, 15 years of age, who not only carried off the national school honors for composition, but played "as well as Rubinstein." His father is a ballet-master.

The Sultan is an enthusiastic musician. He consequently took a great fancy to Baron Ring, one of the members of the Eastern Roumelia Commission, also a musician. The two spent a number of hours together in the peaceful pastime of playing duets on the piano.

Miss Gardner of Boston, who obtained an honorable mention of her picture, "At the Fountain," exhibited at the Paris Salon this year, is believed to be the only American lady who has ever been granted this distinction, or a prize of any kind, at a French exposition of fine arts.

The full name, style and title of the Duke of Argyll is as follows: Sir George Douglass Campbell, Duke, Marquess and Earl of Argyll, Marquess of Lorn and Kintyre, Earl of Campbell and Cowal, Viscount Lochow and Glenilla, Lord of Inverney, Mull, Mowern and Tiry, Baron Sundridge Lord Hamilton.

Prince Charles Napoleon Bonaparte, the second son of the eldest brother of the great Napoleon, is said to be preferred at Chiselhurst as head of the house of Prince Jerome Napoleon. Prince Charles is 40 years old and has the true Bonaparte face. He holds the position of president of the council general at Corsica, where he is very popular.

Georgia has a Hicks-Lord case in the marriage of Dr. James. S. Sims, a man of 75, worth some $25,000, to Mrs. Adkins, a widow of 40, worth $15,000. Relatives tried to prevent the marriage, and the doctor's son, Mississippi's lieutenant governor, got the father declared a lunatic. A judge however set the judgment aside and the old couple eluded the young folks and were married.

Kind Thebaw of Burman, the man who murdered all his relations, has taken to drinking harder than ever. His present particular poison is gin, and he is said to put a couple of bottles of "square-face" out of sight daily—very good allowance for a fellow of 21. Several times lately he has hiccoughed out orders for the massacre of every "Kala" in the place, but fortunately every one has been deaf hitherto.

The Florentine sculptor, Signore Cesare Fantocchioni, has just completed a bronze statuette of Girolamo Savonarola. The Savonarola is extremely spirited and represents the ruler of Florence in the act of preaching. The right arm is raised, with fingers pointed impressively to the Bible clasped in his left hand. The face is instinct with pious fervor, the lips parted in earnest utterance. This seems to us a very happy inspiration on the sculptor's part, and enables us for the first time to realize what was said of Savonarola by his contemporaries, "that the fulness of his under lip gave a most pleasing expression to his countenance."

It is related that during a call made on the sultan by Mrs. Layard, wife of the British minister, the sultan invited her to ride with him. In a few minutes a light basket-carriage, drawn by two dashing bays, stopped in front of the palace. The sultan gave Lady Layard his arm, opened her parasol himself, and assisted her down the steps, shading her the while. Not only this, but during the entire course of a half hour's ride through the palace grounds, notwithstanding her remonstrances that the sultan would fatigue himself, he stoutly held the parasol over her head while she handled the reins—an act of courtesy to a woman, and a Christian at that, unprecedented in the annals of the Ottoman Empire.

Retail Market Report.

Groceries.

Apples, dried, ℔ lb	$ 5	@	$ 20
Blackberries, dried, ℔ lb new	10		12½
Beans, ℔ lb	4	@	5
Coffee, Rio, ℔ lb	18	@	20
Coffee, Java, ℔ lb	35	@	40
Corn Meal, ℔ 100 lbs			1 80
Cherries, dried, ℔ lb	25	@	30
Currants, dried, ℔ lb	10	@	
Coal-Oil, ℔ gallon	30	@	40
Lard, ℔ lb	10	@	14½
Prunes, ℔ lb	10	@	12½
Raspberries, dried, ℔ lb	40	@	
Raisins, ℔ lb	15	@	20
Sugar, brown, ℔ lb	9½	@	10½
Sugar, extra-C, ℔ lb	11	@	
Sugar, A coffee, ℔ lb	11		
Sugar, cut loaf, ℔ lb	15		
Sugar, powdered, ℔ lb	15		
Tea, green, ℔ lb	50	@	1 00
Tea, black, ℔ lb	75	@	1 00
Bacon, ℔ lb	7	@	10
Hams, ℔ lb	10	@	11

Meats and Game.

Sausage ℔ lb			15
Beef, ℔ lb	6	@	20
Dried Beef, ℔ lb	15		
Corned Beef, ℔ lb	6	@	15
Turkeys ℔ lb			22
Chickens, ℔ dozen	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton, ℔ lb	8	@	20
Sausage, Bologna, ℔ lb	15		
Veal, ℔ lb	10	@	20

Wholesale Price Current.

Apples, ℔ bbl	$5 00	@	$5 50
Potatoes, per 100 lbs	1 00	@	1 25
Cheese (Gwillim,)	12½	@	
Coal (Canon) per ton	4 95	@	5 50

Butter and Eggs.

Butter, ranch, ℔ lb	25	@	30
Eggs, states, ℔ dozen	15	@	20
Eggs, ranch, ℔ dozen	20	@	25

Vegetables.

Beets, new, ℔ lb	2½		
Cabbage, ℔ lb	3	@	4
Onions, ℔ lb			
Potatoes, ℔ lb	1	@	1½

Flour, Grain, Hay, Etc.

Corn, ℔ 100 lbs	1 25	@	1 35
Oats, ℔ 100 lbs	1 80	@	
Corn Chop, ℔ 100 lbs	1 35	@	1 40
Mixed Feed, ℔ 100 lbs	1 50	@	
Corn Meal, ℔ 100 lbs	1 75	@	1 90
Bran, ℔ 100 lbs	1 00	@	
XXXX Flour, ℔ sack	3 15	@	3 25
Hay, ℔ ton	15 00	@	20 00

Lumber, Shingles, Sash, Etc.

Colorado Clear, 1¼, 1½, & 2 in., ℔ M	35 00	@	40 00
Clear, 1 in., ℔ M	35 00		
Flooring, D & M, ℔ M	30 00		
Common Lumber, ℔ M	20 00		
Chicago Clear, 1¼, 1½ & 2 in., ℔ M	60 00		
" " 1 in., ℔ M	45 50	@	55 00
" " Flooring, D & M, ℔ M	35 00		
" " Clear Siding, ℔ M	25 00		
" " ¾ Beaded Ceiling, ℔ M	27 00		
Shingles, ℔ M	4 75		
Lath, ℔ M	4 75		
Doors, 2 ft 6 in x 6 ft 6 in, 1 in	1 50		
" 2 ft x 6 ft, 1 3-16	1 75		
" 2 ft 6 in x 6 ft 6 in, 1 3-16	1 95		
" 2 ft 8 in x 6 ft 8 in, 1 3-16	2 10		
" 2 ft 6 in x 6 ft 6 in, 1½	2 41		
" 2 ft 8 in x 6 ft 8 in, 1½	2 30		
Sash Doors	3 75	@	4 00
Windows, glazed, 8x10—12 light	1 25		
" " 10x12—8	1 65		
" " 10x14—8	1 80		
" " 12x14—8	2 10		
" " 12x16—8	2 25		
Blinds, ℔ pair	1 75	@	2 00
Tar Paper, ℔ lb	4		
Carpet Paper, ℔ lb			

COTTONWOOD

Hot Springs,

CHAFFEE COUNTY, COLO.

PROPRIETORS.

REV. JOSEPH ADAMS, MRS. J. A. D. ADAMS, Homœpathic Physician, and MR. G. K. HARTENSTEIN, Attorney at Law, Leadville.

The Springs are situated at the mouth of Cottonwood Cañon, in a most beautiful country, salubrious atmosphere, surrounded by scenery of the most gorgeous description, being in the very heart of the Saguache range—Mount Yale lying to the north, and Mount Princeton to the *south.* The crystal waters of the Cottonwood River, abundant with trout, come dashing and sparkling down past the door of the Sanitarium from its fountain head, the eternal beds of snow which cap the hoary old mountain.

The following analysis, connected with six years' experience, warrant us in saying that they are a specific for catarrh, sore eyes, rheumatism, lead poisons, and all scrofulous affections:

SOLIDS.	Grains to pint— Upper Spring	Lower Spring
Carbonate of Soda	4.1	4.8
Carbonate of Lithia	Trace.	Trace.
Carbonate of Lime	2	2
Carbonate of Magnesia	¾	½
Sulphate of Soda	¾	¾
Chloride of Sodium	2½	Trace.
Silica	1-24	Trace.
Iodine	Trace.	Trace.
Bromide	Trace.	Trace.
Ammonia Muriate		3
Ammonium, combined	Trace	
Gases	Free Carbonic Acid. Hydrogen Sulphide.	Free Carbonic Acid.

We are erecting a building which will enable us to entertain about one hundred patients at the following rates: From $12 to $25 per week for board and room; Baths, $10 per course of 24.

A Coach meets the stage at Mahonville every day, except Sunday. All persons desiring further information will please communicate with the

REV. JOSEPH ADAMS,
Mahonville, Colo
or G. K. HARTENSTEIN, Esq.,
1 23 1yr† Leadville, Colo.

R. RICHENS,
STONE-MASON—AND—CONTRACTOR,
COLORADO SPRINGS.

Having a quarry of my own, containing the finest stone in the state, I am prepared to take contracts at the lowest prices. I will take unimproved lots in Colorado Springs in pay for mason work.

I can be seen at the Central Hotel, from 12 to 1 o'clock 168-tf

SPECIMEN COPIES of the GAZETTE sent free on application.

HOTELS.

Colorado Springs Hotel
AND
CRAWFORD HOUSE,
Under One Management.

The undersigned has placed them in perfect order and will keep them in better shape and guarantee a superior table to any house in the city. More visitors can be accommodated than by any three hotels in the city, and is the best located. First-class in every respect, and are the only two hotels in the city that have an unobstructed view of the mountains. Terms moderate.

J. F. ATHERTON,
4 3 1yr COLORADO SPRINGS, COL.

CLIFF HOUSE
AT
Manitou Springs, Colo.,

A delightful place to stop, as with its new cottages and additional rooms, water all through the house, and the many improvements made this spring make the Cliff one of the

Most Desirable Places in
COLORADO!

Everything is first-class in every respect.
W. W. NICHOLS, Chief Clerk. E. E. NICHOLS, Proprietor.

Pascoe's Hotel
AND
RESTAURANT.

I have recently fitted up one of the most charming little hotels in the west, and from a long experience in the business can guarantee greater satisfaction at cheaper rates than have ever before been offered. Table supplied with all the delicacies of the season.

RATES $1.50 PER DAY.

Postoffice Block, *Tejon Street,*
3 16tf THOS. PASCOE, Propr.

CENTRAL HOTEL!
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO,
J. P. McMILLEN, Proprietor.

The Best $2.00 per Day House in the State.

This Hotel is now open to the public. EVERY room has been newly papered, painted, calcimined, and furnished throughout with spring beds. It is located in the very center of the City, adjacent to all business houses. Free carriages to and from all trains. RATES:—$2.00 Per Day.

National Hotel,
COLORADO SPRINGS, COL.
CURTISS & QUEREAU, Props.

This house is conveniently located, commanding a fine view of the mountains, and is in every way a most desirable stopping place. The table is unsurpassed by any hotel in the state; and the rooms, which are large and airy, are luxuriously furnished.

RESTAURANT,
VIENNA BAKERY and ICE CREAM SALOON.
Kenney's Old Stand, Pike's Peak Avenue.

Table always supplied with the best in the market.

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J. BAUMGARTEN,
Upholsterer and
Carriage Trimmer.
MANUFACTURER OF
CENTENNIAL
AND
KEY CITY BUGGY TOPS.

All Kinds of Carriage Trimming and Parlor Furniture Upholstering Done in the Most Artistic Manner on Short Notice.

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TO THE NEW BRICK SHOP ON HUERFANO STREET.
7 11 1m

J. H. Drinkwater,
PLUMBER,
AND
GAS FITTER!

ESTIMATES FURNISHED for Plumbing and Gas-Fitting from plans for new buildings, hotels, &c., in or out of town.

I have carried on the plumbing business in Chicago for the last ten years. I carry in stock all the latest lines of goods, and do my work in a first-class manner, and at reasonable rates.

OFFICE
AND RESIDENCE ON PIKE'S PEAK AVENUE, BETWEEN TEJON ST. AND NEVADA AVENUE, COLORADO SPRINGS.
7 11 tf

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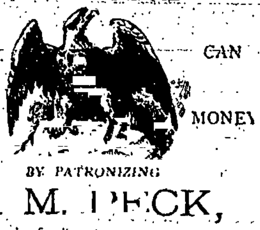

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F. M. PECK,

Who has in stock a fine line of

Gentlemen's Piece Goods,

for Dress or Business Suits

which he will make to order and

Guarantee a Fit and the Best of Satisfaction.

Call and see my stock, which is equal to the best in Colorado.

Prices Always Reasonable.

Fine Ales, Beer,
AND STOUT!

BOTTLED OR BY THE KEG.

Manufactured and Delivered Daily by the

El Paso County Brewing Comp'y.

Leave Your Orders at the Office, next to Postoffice,

Colorado Springs, - - - Colorado

CHAS. STOCKBRIDGE
President and General Manager

TAILORING!

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED SOME

Fine Spring Goods!

CALL AND SEE THEM!

CHARLES STEARNS.

THE GAZETTE PUBLISHING CO.

PUBLISHERS OF THE

Daily and Weekly Gazette.

THE WEEKLY.

The WEEKLY GAZETTE, published every Saturday morning, is acknowledged by professional men, business men, and ranchmen, to be the

BEST WEEKLY PUBLISHED IN COLORADO

It will contain the

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

from all parts of the world, all

LOCAL AND STATE NEWS

published in the Daily, and

Carefully Selected Reading Matter for the Home Circle.

GOOD SOLICITORS ARE EMPLOYED

in order that

Every home in the county shall be supplied with the Weekly Gazette

It is an excellent paper to send to your friends at home; it gives them a correct idea of what is going on around you, and is like writing them a letter. Don't forget this fact and that the

SMALL SUM OF TWO DOLLARS FOR ONE YEAR

will send it anywhere you please—postage paid.

Advertisers and Business Houses

of this and other cities in the state will bear in mind that the WEEKLY GAZETTE circulates freely among our

RANCHMEN AND FARMERS

and they cannot do better than

Advertise Their Goods in This Paper.

Our subscribers read every word of it, and those advertisers whose names appear in it are sure to be the recipients of their custom.

The terms of the WEEKLY are as follows:

WEEKLY.

One year	$2 00
Six months	1 00
Three months	50
One month	25

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.com

THE COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

THURSDAY, JULY 24, 1879.

Official Paper of the City of Colorado Springs.

TIME TABLE.

Denver and Rio Grande Railway.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.	TRAINS GOING NORTH.
Fast Freight.	*Way Freight.*
Arrive ..... 8:15 P. M.	Arrive ..... 10:55 A. M.
Leave ..... 2:55 P. M.	Leave ..... 11:35 A. M.
San Juan Express.	*San Juan Express.*
Arrive ..... 11:35 A. M.	Arrive ..... 4:10 P. M.
Leave ..... 11:40 A. M.	Leave ..... 4:15 P. M.

Through Tickets for sale to all principal cities East, at the depot. Fare same from here as from Denver or Pueblo. Parties can select their own route.

For full information call on or address

J. M. ELLISON, Agent.

There was a most perfect rainbow last evening which remained for more than half an hour.

A cheap excursion from Cheyenne and Denver to Pike's Peak in a few weeks is on the carpet.

Work on the new telegraph line, to connect Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, has been begun.

The ladies of the Congregational Church will give an ice cream social in the new church this evening beginning at 6 o'clock.

Great excitement was caused in Denver last Tuesday evening when it became known that the Banana management had brought the D. & R. G. express from the south in on time.

We saw some very handsome Japanese screens at the establishment of Ainsworth, Brown yesterday. These screens are real Japanese work done in water colors and will repay examination.

The secretary of the committee on supplies for the Feast of Lanterns desires us to state that the soliciting committee will be furnished with printed blanks which shall give them full directions in regard to their work.

We received an onion from Craigue's yesterday which measured eighteen inches around the waist. We suppose this was a polite acknowledgement of the strong onion article which appeared in a recent number of the GAZETTE.

County Commissioners Matt France, C. R. Husted and J. C. Woodbury inspected the new road to Crystal Park yesterday, escorted by Capt. Couch, one of the builders of the road. The commissioners established the toll for horsemen at 25 cents each way. The road is now open to the public.

Mr. John Toller sends us a letter on the gas question which we cheerfully make room for. We do not entirely approve of the thimble rig game he proposes but the biographical sketch of our esteemed fellow citizen Mr. Benjamin Crowell gives the letter a permanent value which renders it worthy of publication.

The McKendree Scientific Expedition passed through this place yesterday on its way to Pueblo, thence to return home by the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe R. R. The company, though somewhat reduced in number, show an improved physique and are in high spirits and greatly delighted with their mountain excursions.

The engineer of the evening express ought to learn how to stop his machine. For two or three nights recently he has pulled up fifteen or twenty feet short of the right place and just as the usual fight between those who want to get out and those who want to get in begins he starts up with a jerk and makes the proper point.

Merchants of this city have just received word of a reported heavy failure at Leadville, in which a well-known firm was compelled to close its doors, owing considerable amounts to Denver creditors. The firm is known as Dix & Co. Particulars of the failure are rather meagre, but are to the effect that the establishment was taken in charge Tuesday by Brinker & Co. on a debt due them. One firm loses $4,500, or holds claims against Dix & Co. for that sum. *Denver News.*

Lands for the Agricultural College.

The Denver *News* gives the following facts concerning the desired grant of lands to aid the state agricultural college: "Sometime since the trustees of the agricultural college at Fort Collins applied to the state board of land commissioners to have the 90,000 acres of land granted in aid of their institution, selected from the public lands in the state in order that the college might begin to profit by the grant. The scarcity of desirable surveyed public land in the state led the board to inquire whether lands within the railway grant limits could not be selected at double minimum rates. To this query the general land office replied that not only was there no double minimum land in Colorado subject to entry as agricultural college lands, but the quantity of valuable minimum land was so small that the grant could hardly be satisfied without waiting for further surveys. This is also the opinion of General Pierce, who was selected to make these entries, together with Mr. John J. Ryan, and General Pierce has for this reason declined the trust. In this view of the case it looks as if the agricultural college would derive small benefit from its land grant until the Indian reservation is thrown open and the splendid valleys over the range are surveyed and brought into market."

The Gas Ordinance Adopted.

The city council was in session last night in full force as the importance of the subject, the gas ordinance, attracted the thorough attention and consideration of all of our city guardians. Mayor France, as he always does, presided with dignity and discretion. Upon the roll call there was found to be present Aldermen Lyons, Humphrey, Crowell, Kennedy, Lennox, Sherman, Rodgers and Robbins, a full representation of the board. After the transaction of some routine business the council took under its consideration the vital question as to whether or not we should have illuminating gas for our city and citizens. We noticed present during the discussion, Col. Bacon, vice president, and Mr. Cleary, secretary of our gas company.

The ordinance was carefully considered section by section. An amendment was then offered relating to the supply of street lamps and after much general discussion on the subject of the amendment, Alderman Robbins offered a substitute, seconded by Alderman Kennedy, and the ordinance then as read and revised was unanimously adopted. The following is a synopsis of the ordinance as passed:

It grants the right of way to the Colorado Springs Gas and Coke Company for the period of 25 years, with the license to erect such works and machinery as is necessary for its use and to sell its gas products. Before beginning operations or work upon our streets the plans and specifications, the location of the works and street mains must be submitted for approval to the city council. The price of gas is fixed at $3 per thousand feet for private consumption, and not more than $40 per year for the next five years and $20 thereafter for each street lamp. The company is to furnish the city with such street lamps as may from time to time be required free of expense except the setting thereof.

The company is obliged to enter into an agreement with the mayor within thirty days from date to commence operations within four months from the date of such agreement, and to have before the 1st of January, 1880, at least one mile of street main laid and the demand for gas along such mile supplied.

Under instructions from the Board of Directors the secretary will open stock subscription books at our different banks as heretofore mentioned in the GAZETTE. The gentleman whom Mr. Cleary represents will start the ball in motion by taking one fourth of the stock of said company. All information necessary respecting investment will be cheerfully furnished by the president or secretary, who for the present may be found over the First National Bank in the office of the Silver Wing Mining and Reduction Company.

A Narrow Escape.

United States Collector of Internal Revenue J. S. Wolfe had a narrow escape from serious injury while attempting to get off of the D. & R. G. train Tuesday night at Fifteenth street, Denver. The train is compelled to stop here, but owing to the inexperience of the brakemen in the use of the brakes, or carelessness, the train did not slow up but very little. Mr. Wolfe not thinking that the train was in such [illegible] jumped on the train and was tripped and thrown under the car. A friendly kick from a passenger on the platform prevented his going under the wheels. As it was a part of his body was under the cars as they passed along. It was a very narrow escape and frightened the beholders a great deal who were not certain that he had escaped injury until the train passed and Mr. Wolfe got up. Looking about and making his favorite gesture, Mr. Wolfe remarked that he "ought to have taken out a $5,000 policy that morning." It is to be hoped this will teach the Santa Fe management to have more respect for the Denver ordinances.

Personal.

Lawrence Barrett left for Denver last evening with his company.

Mr. A. L. Millard returned from a business trip to Denver yesterday.

Mr. George H. Barnes has opened a law office in room No. 7 Union block.

Mrs. Irving Howbert went to Leadville yesterday in Woodgate & Co's stage.

Assistant Postmaster General Tyner and party went north on the evening express yesterday.

Mr. S. E. Thorpe, one of the editors of the *Home Companion*, of Cleveland, Ohio, is making a visit in this city with his wife.

Mr. W. A. Smith, deputy internal revenue collector, returned from Denver yesterday where he has been for the past two weeks.

Mr. F. J. V. Skiff became city editor of the Denver *Tribune* yesterday, and the former city editor, Mr. Thomas F. Dawson, assumed the position of associate editor.

Mr. Thomas Wardless returned to Denver yesterday. He was quite ill there Saturday with a congestive chill, but we are glad to see him back again comparatively well.

Governor Pitkin has received an invitation from Governor Cullom, of Illinois, to be present at the soldiers' re-union at Aurora, Illinois, August twentieth and twenty-first.

The schooners of an emigrant train that passed through Cheyenne on Thursday were drawn by yoked oxen.

STORY OF A MINE.

How the Highland Chief Changed Owners.

The following story of a mine which we copy from the Leadville *Chronicle* of July 21st is interesting reading of itself, but the fact that Mr. Foss, a former citizen of this place is one of the principals in the transaction, gives it added interest. The *Chronicle* reporter thus tells his story:

The excitement occasioned by the presence on Carbonate Hill of a large armed force and its subsequent operations had only partially subsided when the report came to this city at an early hour yesterday morning that the Highland Chief had been jumped, and that a conflict between the contending parties would certainly take place during the Sabbath day. All sorts of rumors were current about the streets, and to the effect that the ousted party was then hiring men at ten dollars per head to carry rifles against the party in possession, and still others of such a threatening and exciting nature that, in order to learn the true state of affairs a reporter for the *Chronicle* was dispatched to the mine about two o'clock yesterday afternoon. Well heeled with reportorial arms he set out on his journey up Stray Horse, through Adelaide and along the winding road to the top of Carbonate Hill, where he reined his steed because of the hoarse command of a six-foot sentinel who stood behind a glistening Spencer rifle.

"Well, what now," nervously piped the unarmed scribe.

"Can't come this way. Cap. got to go around the other way," said the outpost, waving the rider to a road which led along the brow of the hill.

"Would like to see Mr. Milner," answered back the reporter.

"He's not here; paddle on."

"Is Mr.

"My orders are to move on," chipped in the sentinel upon the unfinished sentence of the *Chronicle* man, who turned his horse to the right, as directed. Passing along the brow of the hill in the direction of the Highland Mary, he was again confronted by a guard who was persuaded to approach.

"Are you one of the guards of the Highland Chief?" asked the reporter.

"Yes, sir; that's my business here."

"Will you please inform the commander that a *Chronicle* representative desires to be admitted."

"Yes, sir; you wait here until I return."

The *Chronicle* man did as directed.

At last the messenger made his appearance, whispered to the sentinels on the way back to the reporter, whom he addressed:

"Sorry to have kept you waiting so long; hitch your horse and come right over with me."

A moment later and the *Chronicle* man passed the line of sentinels, climbed over a brush fortification at the east end of the Highland Chief, and on the shaft house where he was introduced to Mr. Milner, under whose direction the mine had been wrested from the parties who worked it the day previous. Mr. Milner is a quiet, dignified and an altogether inoffensive looking gentleman, less than forty years old. The *Chronicle* man at once applied the reportorial pump.

"You present quite a warlike attitude, here, Mr. Milner?"

"Yes, sir."

"This mine was seized by an armed force, under you direction, was it not, sir?"

"It was. This business is extremely distasteful to me, sir, I assure you; yet I could gain my rights in no other way."

"What interest have you in the Chief, Mr. Milner?"

"I own one quarter."

"What interest has Mr. Foss and his companions in the mine?"

"None whatever. Mr. Foss secured a bond upon the Chief, that bond expired on the 8th day of the present month, when he and his associates refused to pay the residue of the purchase money; and by all that is fair and just between man and man, upon that refusal the property should revert to the original owners."

"You were willing to accept the amount stipulated in that bond for the property."

"Most assuredly I was. Upon the day on which the money should have been placed in bank to my credit I called and asked if it was there, and was answered that it was not. I then went and consulted my attorney, and then made a demand for the money, which brought a negative answer."

"And then?"

"Why, sir, naturally enough I looked upon this refusal as an attempt to hold my property by unlawful means without giving me any compensation whatever."

"You still have recourse to the law."

"Very true, but while we were at law Foss and others would be reaping a rich harvest from the product of the mine. They were shipping about seventy tons of ore per day. Just how much money has or was being taken from the mine the rightful owners have no means of determining."

"Did you make this move by advice of your counsel?"

"Yes, sir, by advice of one of the best legal minds in the country. The parties who held it had no more right to the mine than you have. I only ask for justice."

"You propose to hold it?"

"From the preparations being made here you can determine that for yourself. The original and rightful owners of the Highland Chief are in possession."

"May I have permission to inspect the premises, Mr. Milner?"

"Yes, sir; with pleasure I grant you that privilege."

The *Chronicle* man at once set out on a tour of inspection over the mine. On the east end of the property and less than twenty yards from the shaft house, the reporter came to a log fort in a triangular form, about five feet high and containing port holes for rifles. This barricade and a similar one on the western end of the mine, are intended to hold a sufficient number of the fighting force to repel any attack that might be made from the north. A sentinel, faced to the north, paces along the dump overlooking South Evans, and from his position no man could approach the mine in daylight from a distance of a quarter of a mile without being observed.

In the shaft house on the edge of the hill several men were busily engaged shoveling carbonates into wagons from a great dump of perhaps one hundred tons. Leaning against the lower side of the shaft house, and covered by a guard with a brace of revolvers at his side, is a rifle for every shoveler, so that in case of alarm or attack they may be in hand in a moment.

Traveling in a southerly direction about thirty yards the reporter came to another log fort in process of construction.

"Boys, you are putting this fort up to stay."

"This is Fort Butler, and it's a good one, I tell you."

This fort is similar to the one already noticed, and a half dozen steps to the east is pacing another sentinel. Passing along from Fort Butler to the western end of the mine four forts are met with, all completed and ready for work. Between and in front of these there is a line of fortifications constructed with logs and brush, on the inside of which there are stationed several armed men, keeping a sharp lookout to the south, and in front of these and the forts and the brush heaps, twenty paces out on the road, under cover of a large pine tree, stands the vidette or outside guard, whose duty it is to challenge all travelers over the main road up from Adelaide.

What the outcome of the trouble thus begun will be, no one can tell. Mr. Foss and associates declare that by the terms of the bond given by Milner and others, they were not to receive the residue of the purchase money until the parties giving the bond would give the purchasers an undisputed and absolute title. Again, this is contradicted by the other party, who claim that chicanery was practiced in executing the instrument, and that the evident purpose was to beat them out of their property, which is one of the most valuable in the camp.

From a conversation with miners in the vicinity of the Chief, the reporter learned that the sympathy of these and of claim owners in the immediate vicinity was decidedly in favor of the Milner party, who, all agreed, were right in the bold step taken. It was claimed by those in the Highland Chief consolidation that they have not been treated fairly by the outside parties and that by the new deal they were almost certain to obtain fair play.

The principals to either side in the controversy have been busily engaged with their legal advisors, and it is now thought that no attempt by force of arms will be made by the Foss party to gain possession of the mine. They feel confident that they are in the right, and that they will win in the courts, to which an appeal for settlement will be made.

A Gas Retort.

To the Editor of the Gazette:

I see in this morning's GAZETTE that one of the honorable board of aldermen suggests that my symmetrical corporosity be utilized as a gasometer for the proposed gas works. I strongly suspect that the alderman is one Crowell, who was picked up by me over eight years ago as he was wandering in a vague and aimless way over the plains where this city now stands. Pitying his destitute condition I replaced the old weather beaten coffee sack which constituted his entire stock of clothing, with a substantial suit, bought him a few sheep, and with considerable sound advice started him down the Fountain to try and do something useful and be somebody. That kindness is now repaid by jeers at the rotundity of my person a circumstance over which I have no control whatever. But enough of that. Ingratitude is not a pleasant theme to dwell upon. What I want to get at is this: If I can be of any use to the gas company in any capacity I trust that they will not hesitate to call upon me. But it seems to me that a small sized thimble will do for a gasometer for about forty years, or until our council can arrange the business according to Cushing's Manual. In the meantime the thimble can be placed in the hands of a "receiver," and used for the benefit of the creditors until a "writ of restitution" is granted by order of the city council.

Very respectfully,

JOHN POTTER.

Rifles as Arguments.

There seems to be a good deal of trouble among miners just now concerning the right to certain valuable mines. The Denver *Tribune* gives the following account of a recent forcible ejectment at Silver Cliff: "Persons up from Silver Cliff state that last Friday evening witnessed a renewal of the hostile demonstrations of the factions engaged in the Domingo and Johnny Bull difficulty there. The case has been quite prominently before the public during the past few days and it is only necessary to recur in speaking of it to the fact that on Tuesday of last week Judge Hallett, of the United States circuit court, remanded the matter back to the state district court of the third judicial district. Judge Henry, who is the judge of the district in question, was outside of his jurisdiction at the time, but was sought out by the John Bull attorneys while fishing near La Veta. An order of injunction was issued by the judge restraining the Domingo people from operating the mine. As the attorneys for the opposition were notified that such a step was to be taken the course of Judge Henry in granting the writ is quite seriously criticized. But even before the writ was put in the hands of the sheriff of Custer County, a mob of 150 men gathered about the mine where the Domingo men, twenty-one in number, were at work and at last succeeded in smoking them out. There was considerable excitement over the event, but nothing more.

The Postmaster-General has ordered a change of the name of the postoffice at Fort McKinney, Wyo., to Rochester. How many Rochesters are there in the United States anyhow?

Hotel Arrivals.

NATIONAL HOTEL.—John Hovey, and J H Quimby, Colorado; Geo W Hall, Detroit; John E Breon, Iowa; S H Stridiron, Detroit, Mich.

PASCOE HOTEL.—T C Blachly, and E W Blachly, Monument; J Welley and wife, Wyanet, Ill; E M Cutler, St Louis; W H Knight, Philadelphia; J R Scott, Pleasant; C W Laing, ranch; W B Sherman, Denver; L. Henry Snyder, Terre Haute, Ind; J C Campion, Fountain; Wm Perkins, Fountain; Adolphus Fehringer, Lebanon, Ill; Jas D Sutherland, Cuyo, Ohio.

SPRINGS.—C H Fen, Chief Brake; G Owen and wife, Miss Cora Banta, Lincoln, Neb; J D Reymert, jr, Little Buttes; J B Rutherford, F B Hubbell, Chicago; W B Bailey, Washington, D. C; G C Wilson, Miss L M Wilson, Chicago; F J Malt, Alamosa; J A Thomas, Cincinnati; A G Smith, New York; D W Evans, Denver; August Weil, Boston; J S Hoke, M M Hamlin, Chicago; F Bowman, New York; H A Knott, Chicago; O B Dornett, New York; A Reddy, Denver; H Harrison, Dubuque, Iowa; Miss Rice and sister, Kokomo; Mrs Pa Crittenden, Missouri; H W Richardson, Philadelphia; F Watson, Chicago; C B Dyer, Middle Kiowa; W E Woodbury, ranch; Dudley Smith, B B Bazton, St Joe; N Failing, Macon, Ill; Wm N Byers, Denver; R C Jackson, N Y; C Jay French, Cincinnati; Gen A D Hazen and wife, Washington, D C; Mrs Watkins and daughter, Denver; J F Oglevre and wife, Annie S Oglevre, Springfield, O; Harry Coleman, W A Noel and wife, Kansas City; Wm Loney, Chas D Sanborn, ranch.

MANITOU ARRIVALS.

MANITOU HOUSE.—A Wertel, St Louis; W A Schilley, Cumberland, O; J V Cook, Rockland, Ill; Wm Gardner, S H Gardner, Springfield; J H Sewall, Boulder; John W Cook; Ill; Miss Floret, Kansas City; F P Bates, Boston; Theo S Keating, Miss Alice Ramey, Andrew Atkim, John Ludlum, St Louis; Sam Lutz; J Ham, Kansas City; J G Hess and wife, Clay Centre, Kas; A L J Crouber, Phila; J A Ruccand and wife, Miss Shellabarger, Decatur Ill; H V Bandum, Emporia, Kas; E T Hargravan, Kansas City; Jos E Shea, Joseph Howe, Simpson Hance, Addison Lylle, J R McCune, Pittsburg; A Brown, Kalamazoo, Mich; M T Montgomery, Lansing, Mich; Mrs A G Goumball, Kansas City; W H Bliss and wife, St Louis; H C Cann, Benj. Bolts, wife and son, Cincinnati; Miss Kate Bolts, Miss Bollinger, Huisten, Fletcher Futter, Carrollton, Mo; J Gordon, Kansas City; J J Hodge, Oneida, N Y; Chas H Vick, Rochester, N Y; Benj Portin and daughter, Jackson, Mich; Miss Fanny Shellabarger, Miss J S Fenton, Decatur, Ill; Frank Holbrook, J W Haney, South Pueblo.

DIED.

TAINTOR.—At Dr. Johnson's ranch, eighteen miles up Ute Pass, William Tainton, on Wednesday, July 23d, 1879. His remains will be embalmed, and sent to Milwaukee, Wisconsin, this morning.

Business Locals.

Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

Don't forget that the GAZETTE is furnished with every appliance for the production of first-class job work. tf.

S. B. Westerfield & Co., undertakers, will give prompt attention to night or day orders. Rooms in Hodgman Block, Huerfano street, Colorado Springs. 7-8-tf

Brown's Fire Proof Roofing paint guards against fire, shrinkage, warping, splitting, leakage and preserves the roof for many years. Over 30 roofs are now painted with it. A. Brown, Tejon St. 7-6-tf

Just received, a large invoice of Drugs, Medicines, Fancy and Toilet Articles at Sagendorf's. 5-4-tf

Call at the GAZETTE counting rooms and obtain rates for your job work. Satisfaction is guaranteed. tf.

GAZE ON THIS!

I will paint a club of six Portraits for $250 and guarantee satisfaction. Those wishing to enter this club leave orders at Howbert's book store. Four more orders wanted. Come early to avoid the rush.

7 24 2t BROM. SLINN.

Don't forget to look at the Japanese screens at Brown's. They are works of art. 7 24 tf

The GAZETTE office is prepared to do job printing in artistic manner and at reasonable rates.

Posters, dodgers, visiting cards, in fact every variety of job work done to order at the GAZETTE office. tf.

Koumiss, or Milk of Wine, the celebrated remedy for Dyspepsia, Pulmonary troubles and Kidney Diseases, can now be obtained at Sagendorf's Drug Store. This drink is unequalled as a food, containing a large quantity of Carbonic Acid Gas, which enables it to be retained. 6-12-tf.

Rings and rods for damask curtains just received by Ainsworth Brown. Artistic and fashionable fixtures after the best and latest designs constantly being received. 7 24 tf.

Westerfield & Co. are receiving new goods every day. A large supply of goods in their line can now be seen, comprising the latest and best styles. 7 23 3

Musical entertainment at F. HERMANN'S, Manitou, Colo., every Sunday afternoon and evening. Turner Hall style. 7 15 1m

F. T. Jackson has just received some handsomely painted Japanese screens which he sells for 60 cents. Call and examine them. 7 24 tf.

Any person not receiving their paper regularly will confer a favor by making it known at this office.

Mr. Harry Iles is the authorized carrier and collector for the GAZETTE Publishing Company.

Monument is one thousand feet higher than Colorado Springs, and is correspondingly cooler. The Monument hotel is a first-class house. Try the place anyway. 7 23 5

Durkee & Lee have just received a full line of Bows, Arrows, etc., for archery practice. Just the things for those desiring some pleasant and healthy out-door exercise. 5-30-2m.

Try the the dry Calsomine. Warranted to do better work than any other preparation in the city. At Sagendorf's. 5-4-tf

Can's Quick and Sure Relief for Asthma never fails, even in the worst cases. Try it. For sale by F. E. Robinson. 6 27 tf

First class hotel accommodations in one of the coolest and pleasantest summer resorts in the state, to be had at the Monument House, at Monument. Rates, only $2.00 per day. 7 23 3

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

Furniture of every description on hand and fresh invoices received daily at the furniture store of

7 23 tf MACOMBER & POTTER.

If you want to escape from the heat for a few days take a run up to Monument. You will find a cool quiet place with excellent hotel accommodations. 7 23 5

Job printing done at the GAZETTE office promptly and in the best manner.

NOTICE.

All persons are hereby prohibited from depositing dead animals, rubbish, or filth of any kind on any of the lots or lands of the Colorado Springs Company, under penalty of the law. By order of the Board of Directors,

HENRY MCALLISTER, JR.,
3-25tf. Executive Director.

Wire doors at Crissey's from $2.50 to $2.75. 4 26 tf

A good business for sale owing to ill health of a partner. Stock can be reduced to suit capacity of the pocket of the purchaser. Are doing a fine cash business, no risk and good profits, owing to but little competition. For information apply to firm doing business.

DICKSON & LANGLEY.
Pueblo, Colorado, July 18. 7 19 6

At Crissey's you will find Vane, Calvert & Co.'s mixed paints, the best paints now in use. $1.90 per gallon. 5-30tf.

Take the Old Reliable Hannibal & St. Joseph R. R. and its connections the great through car line to the East. Pullman Sleeping Cars and Palace Day Coaches are run through to Chicago and Toledo without change of cars from Kansas City, Atchison and St. Joseph. Horton's celebrated Reclining Chair Cars of the latest pattern and built expressly for this company, run through to Chicago. NO EXTRA CHARGE for seats. Also a Palace Day Coach runs through to Indianapolis without change. Passengers for all points east will find this the most desirable route. No other line makes faster time than the Hannibal & St. Joe and its connections. When you travel see that your tickets read via the OLD RELIABLE H. & St. JOE, the great through car line. For maps and time-tables address

H. D. PRICE,
or Western Pass. Agt.,
T. PENFIELD, Kansas City.
Gen'l Pass. & Ticket Agent,
5 27 tf Hannibal, Mo.

FOR RENT.

TO LET. Three furnished rooms. Enquire of J. H. Woodgate. 7 24 3t

TO RENT. Well furnished rooms at reasonable rates, for sleeping or housekeeping. 6 13 tf CASCADE VILLAS.

TO LET—A nicely furnished room in a good location. Apply at this office. 3 12 tf

TO LET. SADDLE PONIES. For ladies or gentlemen. Apply at D. G. Lovell's, Kiowa street. 5-28 tf

WANTED.

WANTED. To rent October first, for the winter, a small house, furnished or unfurnished. W., city post office. 7 22 3*

WANTED.—A lady to canvass the city. Lock box 42. 7 22 tf

WANTED TO HIRE. A camping outfit for from 20 to 30 days, a team, covered cagon, tent, &c. Inquire at Reverend Gage's house, Vermijo avenue, immediately south of National Hotel. 7 23 3*

WANTED. A girl to do chamber work at Pascoe's Hotel. 7 23 2

WANTED.—A few table boarders can be accommodated at the Wiley cottage, Huerfano street. Terms reasonable. 7 19 12*

WANTED.—One span of horses, about ten or eleven hundred lbs, each, and sixteen hands high. Apply to F. H. Austin. 7 19 6

WANTED. A first-class cook to go to Manitou Park and cook for a family camping. Apply at GAZETTE office.

TRANSPORTATION WANTED.—Apply to H. B. HENDERSON, Colorado Springs. 7 15 tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE. I have a lot of first-class saddle horses for sale. Parties wanting the same will do well to call at H. Halthusen & Co.'s stable. T. D. NASH. 7 22 9*

FOR SALE. Horses, Harness, Buggies and Spring Wagons, at all times, by—
4-23-tf SANDERS & AUX.

FOR SALE—Story and a half house, containing eight rooms, pantry and closet. Lot 100x190. Barn and stables on lot. Desirable location. Terms easy. Enquire of Lewis Hager. 2-15-tf

FOR SALE. A good two horse carriage. Will trade for horse or hay.
7 17 tf J. H. WOODGATE.

FOR SALE.—Lots 17, 18, and 19, in block 103, corner of Weber and Cucharas streets. This is one of the most desirable pieces of property in town. It contains all kinds of fruit trees in full bearing, and can be had by applying to Mr. JOHN HARVEY, on the premises.
7 17 1m

TO LOAN.

TO LOAN.—Twelve thousand dollars to loan on first class real estate, in sums of $3,000 up to $2,000. Apply to Chas. Hallowell, real estate and loan agent, Colorado Springs. 7 23 tf

TO LOAN.—Several thousand dollars on real estate. Security must be exceptionally good. Large sums preferred. Apply to CHAS. STOCKBRIDGE. 6 7 tf

TO LOAN.—Several thousand dollars on real estate security at low rates. Apply to
7 10 tf. A. L. LAWTON,

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